

Material Safety Data Sheet

Unifoam FHSA Polyurethane Foam						Note: Blank spaces are not permitted. If any item is not applicable, or no information is available, the space must be marked to indicate that.			
Section I									
Manufacture's Name Wm. T Burnett & Co.						Emergency Telephone Number (410) 799-1788			
Address (Number, Street, City, State and Zip Code)						Telephone Number for information			
2112 Montevideo Road						Same as above Date Prepared			
Jessup, MD. 20794						1-26-99			
						Signature of Preparer (optional)			
Section II – Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information									
Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity; Common Name(s) OSHA PEL ACGIH TLV Other Limits Recommended % (Optional)									
The foam composition, when tested according to 16CFR 1500.40, is not considered toxic by ingestion as defined in 16 CFR 1500.3 (c) (2) (I).									
The foam material contains a small quantity (< 10%) of a proprietary flame retardant composition consisting of one or more components. In their undiluted form, these compounds may exhibit properties of skin and/or eye irritation as these properties are defined and determined in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, Appendix A and Appendix B.									
	I – Physical/C	hem	ical Characte	ristics					
Boiling Point				N/A	Specific Gravity (H ₂ O = 1)			N/A	
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.)			N/A	Melting Po	g Point		Approx. 500-530°F		
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)			N/A	Evaporation	vaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)		N/A		
Solubility in Water	er								
Appearance and Foam mat	Odor erial is flexible	. resi	lient solid. ess	sentially o	dorless	S.			
	/ – Fire and E								
Flash Point (meti	hod Used)					Flammable Limits	LEL NI/A	UEL NI/A	
Extinguishing Me	1929 Self-Igniti rbon Dioxide a		·	00-850°F	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Special Fire Figh	ting Procedures								
	ontained breat Explosion Hazards	ning	equipment.						
Combustion of foam can produce hazardous gases.									
Section V	– Reactivity I	Data							
Stability	Unstable Conditions to Avoid								
	Strong acids, alkalis and oxidizing agents will deteriorate foam material properties.								
	laterials to Avoid)								
Strong oxidizing agents, strong alkalis or acids. Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts									
Combustic	on of foam mat	erial				e, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen ha	lide, oxide	s of	
phosphorus, traces of isocyanates and hydrogen cyanide. Hazardous May Occur Conditions to Avoid									
Polymerization	Iway Occur		Conditions to Avoid						
	May Not Occur	v							

Section VI – Health Hazard Data Skin? YES Ingestion? YES Route(s) of Entry: Inhalation? NO

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic)

Foam material is essentially non-toxic and non-allergenic in normal usage. It is recommended that oral ingestion of this product be avoided. Vapors may be produced if product is exposed to high temperatures (130°C/265°F) or open flames, which may irritate the eyes, nasal passages or lungs. Dust generated by processing may be irritating.

IARC Monographs? OSHA Regulated?

Foam material is not known to be carcinogenic.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

None Known. Dust may cause mechanical irritation of the eyes.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure

None known.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Under normal usage, exposure will not require treatment. If exposed to fumes or smoke from thermal decomposition, remove to fresh air. Administer artificial respiration if not breathing. Flush eyes with water for 15 minutes in case of contact. If skin irritation develops, was thoroughly with soap and water. If indested, call a physician. Cases requiring first aid should seek medical attention as soon as possible. Provide a copy of the MSDS to the Physician.

Section VII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps to Be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled

Sweep up or collect spilled material. In case of a water spill, the product floats and can be retrieved. Recover smaller particles by filtration. Collect for disposal or recycling.

Waste Disposal Method

Dispose of in compliance with Federal, State and Local regulations. Both cutting scrap and post consumer scrap may be recycled under some circumstances.

Precautions to Be Taken in Handling and Storing

Foam material is combustible. Foam material should be stored and handled away from open flames or abnormally high temperatures.

Other Precautions

Section VIII - Control Measures

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type)

Respiratory protection not normally required. If warranted, respirators and usage must conform to 29CFR1910.134 requirements.

Ventilation	Local Exhaust	Special				
	Required if foam material is processed under					
	melting or flaming conditions.					
	Mechanical (General)	Other				
	YES					
Protective Gloves		Eye Protection				
Must meet 29CFR1910.138 for processes involved.		Must meet 29CFR1910.133 for processes involved.				
Other Protective Clothing or Equipment						

Other protective clothing or equipment should be appropriate to the processes involved.

Observe good industrial hygiene practices.